111Z EECS665 - Compiler Construction 2021, Fall Student ID: _____ DO NOT OPEN UNTIL INSTRUCTED! Before the quiz starts: • Read all instructions on this page • Write your name and student ID on this page • Retrieve your page of notes (if you have it) and writing materials • Put all other materials away and silence your devices After the quiz starts: • Write student ID (**not** your name) on **all** subsequent pages • If you feel a question is wrong or impossible, notify course staff • Announcements / corrections will appear on the projector, remember to check • You may turn in your quiz early and leave when done • Work quickly, and move on if you are stuck

Total Questions: 5 Total Pages: 6 Total Points: 50

Feel free to put a drawing of yourself in the box below



Name: ____

QUESTION 1 (10 POINTS)

Give two finite automata (DFAs and/or NFAs) that both recognize the regular expression $(a \vert ab)^*$

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Machine #1:

Machine #2:

Question 2 (10 Points)



Show the equivalent DFA for the above NFA (you may use the Rabin-Scott Powerset Construction, or just eyeball it).

QUESTION 3 (10 POINTS)

Consider a Flex specification with the following rules section

a[c-f]c	$\{ \texttt{std::cout} \}$	«	"1";}
a[.]c	$\{ \texttt{std::cout} \}$	«	"2";}
a[cf]c+	$\{ \texttt{std::cout} \}$	«	"3";}
a.c	$\{ \texttt{std::cout} \}$	«	"4";}
[]	$\{ \texttt{std::cout} \}$	«	"5";}
	$\{ \texttt{std}:: \texttt{cout} \}$	«	"6";}

Write the output of the generated lexer on the string

acadccafcc

QUESTION 4 (10 POINTS)

Let WACKYMATH be the language of mathematical expressions allowing only the operators **plus**, **minus**, and **times** and the operand **intlit**.

Part I

Create a context-free grammar for WACKYMATH expressions. The grammar should be unambiguous and (unlike "traditional" math) enforces the following structure:

- times is the **lowest** precedence operator
- plus is the **highest** precedence operator
- all operators are right associative

Part II

Add a syntax-directed definition for WACKYMATH that translates an expression to its mathematical value. Assume that the intlit token has a value field that returns it's numeric value. Give an expression and show that it's value is different than that of "traditional" math.

QUESTION 5 (10 POINTS)

The tokenizers we create in class process input until all machines fail, then rewind the stream to a point where at least 1 machine was in an accepting state. In the examples given in class, the machine only ever has to rewind by 1 character.

Part I

Is it possible to define a set of token patterns where the tokenizer has to rewind by **more than 1** token?

Part II

If your answer to Part I was yes, show a set of token patterns where it might need to rewind by more than 1 character and show an input where that rewind would happen. If your answer to Part I was no, describe why the machine never needs to rewind by more than 1 character.