

Write your name and answer the following on a piece of paper

- Explain the difference between the languages recognized by these regular expressions:
 - 1. (cake) | (death)
 - 2. cake | death
- Create a regular expression that is as short as possible (in terms of characters used to write down the regular expression) but matches the same language as:

```
a | (aa) | (a*)
```

- The ? operator is sometimes used to denote "zero or one" repetitions of its operand. As as example a ((bc)?) matches
 - a (0 repetitions of bc)
 - abc (1 repetition of bc).

Using the operators listed previously, change the above regular expression so that it doesn't use the ? operator but specifies the same language of strings. *Hint: you may use the empty string* symbol ε in your answer

KU | EECS | Drew Davidson CONSTRUCTION Dverview



Assignments

- Entry Survey out now
 - Due tonight at 11:59 PM
- Lab 1 out tonight
 - Due next Monday at 3:00 PM
- Lab 2 out by Friday
 - Due next next Monday at 3:00 PM
 - Will be the subject of in-person labs next week

Today's Roadmap Lecture Outline

- Orientation
 - About me
 - About you
 - About the course
- Overview the Compiler
- Lexical Specification



About Me



(Associate) Professor Andrew "Drew" Davidson



What to call me About Me

• Preferred: "Drew"

• Ok: "Professor Davidson", "Dr. Davidson"

• Never: "Andy", "Andrew", "Mr. Davidson", "Dr. Drew"



Dr. Drew (Extremely not me) [1]

[1]: Credit: www.podcastone.com/Dr-Drew-Show

About Me: The Job of a Professor About the class: FAQ

The actual start of my job offer letter from KU:

Dear Drew

We are delighted that you will be joining the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science (EECS). The terms and conditions of your appointment are set forth in your official offer of employment from the University. This letter provides details and expectations specific to your academic unit.

Responsibilities

Distribution of Effort (FTE).

The 1.0 FTE for this initial appointment is distributed as follows:

- 0.4 FTE Teaching/Advising
- 0.4 FTE Research
- 0.2 FTE Service

I'm a Busy Little Honeybee! About Me

I love my job!

- But there is a lot of it
- I'd happily spend 40hrs/wk just on this class

Takeaways

- Delays in email/grading can happen
- I'm too busy to help?
- Office hours are just for you
- I try to scale my help



No! I'm here for you!

This drives several course policies

Interacting with Me About Me

I am pretty friendly (1 think)

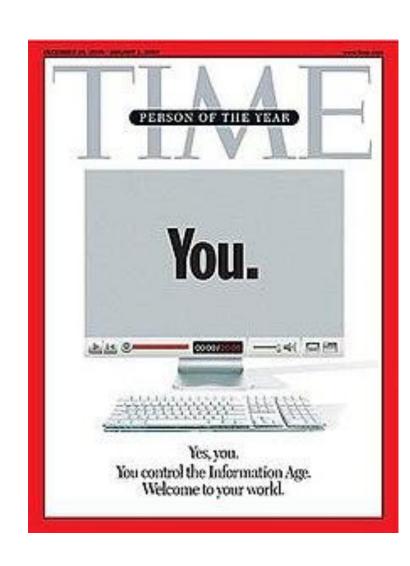
- I'll make an effort to learn every student's name
- If you see me outside of class, feel free to say "hi!"

I like when you visit office hours

Appreciate when you come with a specific question



About You



Your Time is Valuable! Orientation - About You

There are a lot of assignments

- Most of them are very quick
- You don't have to come to class
- You are rewarded for doing so





Help me to make this class pleasant

- If you come to class, try to engage
 - Frown when you are confused
 - Grin when you are amused
 - Ask questions if you have them
- If you have feedback, let me know!



This course is built for y'all Orientation - About You

I value feedback

- This course improves by matching your needs
- I encourage questions, comments, etc. (within reason)

I've taught this course before

...but I've never taught **YOU** this course before

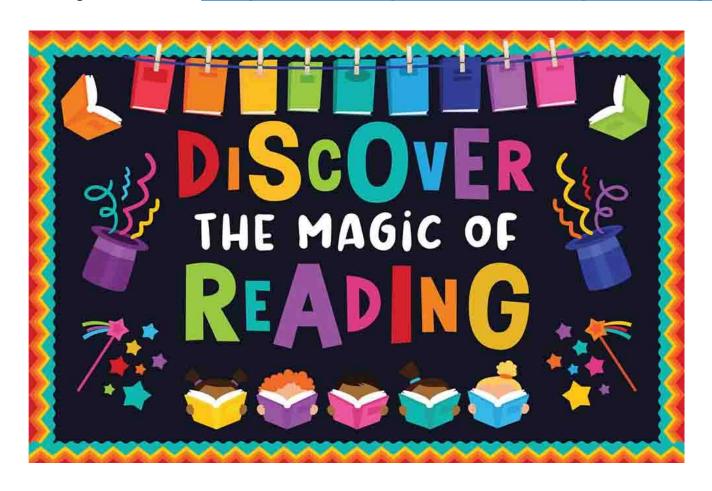


About The Class



What I think you <u>NEED</u> to Know About the class

Read the syllabus: https://compilers.cool/syllabus.pdf



What I think you WANT to Know About the class



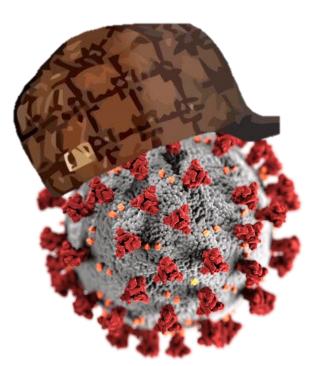
How 'bout that Covid, eh? About the class

Too Sick for Class?

- You're never *required* to come to class (except for tests)
- If you're too sick for a test, we'll do a makeup

Too Sick to work?

- Homework should take way less time than you're given
- Projects can <u>collectively</u> be turned in 6 days late for no penalties



Is This Class Hard?

About the class: FAQ



Is Drew a Good Teacher? About the class: FAQ

My core philosophy: teach the class I'd want to take



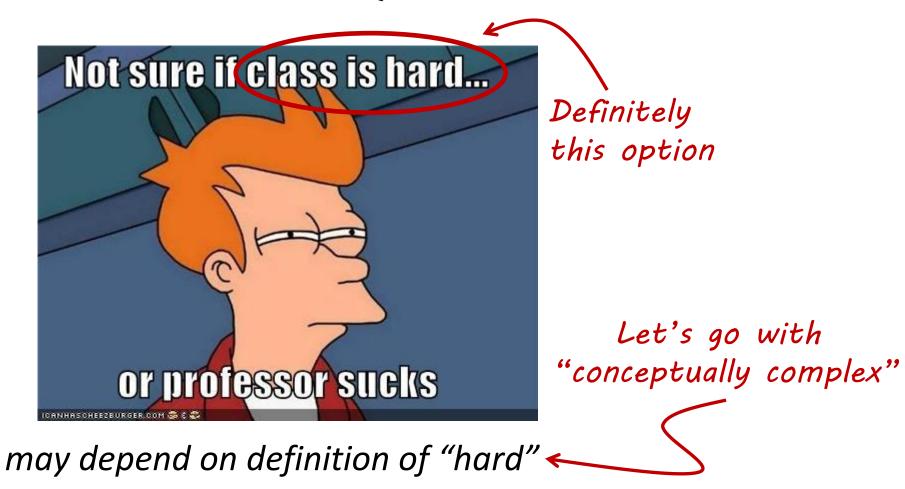
Is Drew a Good Teacher? About the class: FAQ

My couse design goal: teach the class I'd want to take

- Put a lot of material in the course
- Only post assignments <u>after</u> material is covered
- Allow more time on assignments than needed
- Make myself available
 - Phone alerts for Piazza posts
 - Respect office hours
- Never require participation, always reward it
- Provide lots of status/understanding checks
 - The class is out of exactly 1000 points
 - Frequent assignments, exercises in the class readings
 - If you want to go above and beyond, extra assignments

Is This Class Hard?

About the class: FAQ

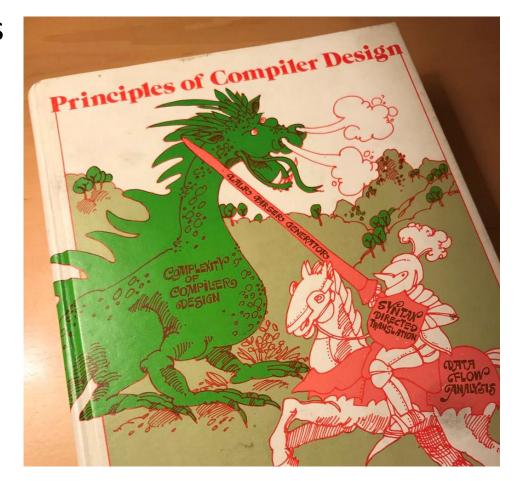


The class should be hard, because constructing compilers is hard

Let's judge a book by it's cover About the class: A brief aside on complexity

- Programming Languages Cute teddy bear!
- Operating Systems Fun circus!
- Compilers...

A dragon to murder (and the dragon is pissed)



That's just one book, right? About the class: A brief aside on complexity

Uhh, actually dragons are like a whole thing

But why dragons?



Dragons: symbols of the unknowable About the class: A brief aside on complexity

THE·LENOX·GLOBE



This Class is About Complexity of Design About the class: A brief aside on complexity

We'll wield the classic tools to combat complexity:

- Formalisms
- Abstractions
- Modularity
- Disciplined software design



Explore Design Complexity through Implementation About the class

Let's Build a Compiler!

- Seems like a good thing to do in a class called "Compiler Construction"
- Regardless of your interest in compilers, you'll get to do some non-trivial code development

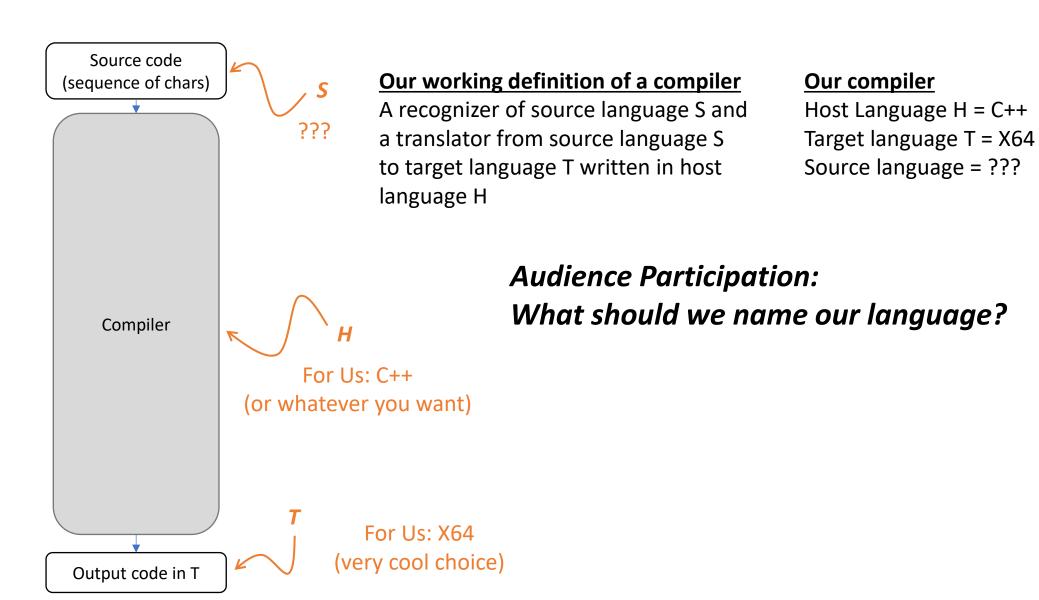


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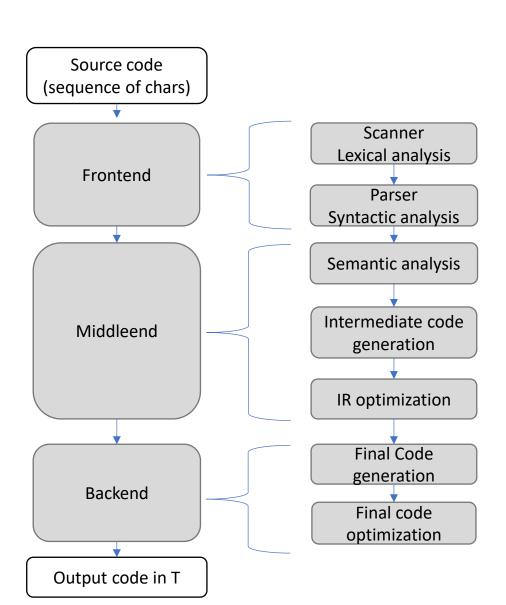
(Audience participation)

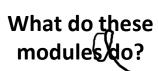


Source code (sequence of chars) Compiler Output code in T

Great! With our language defined, we can resume exploring the compiler's structure

Source code Source code (sequence of chars) (sequence of chars) Frontend **Traditional compilers** Divided into phases Frontend: input handling Middleend: program reasoning Compiler Middleend Backend: output handling **Backend** Output code in T Output code in T



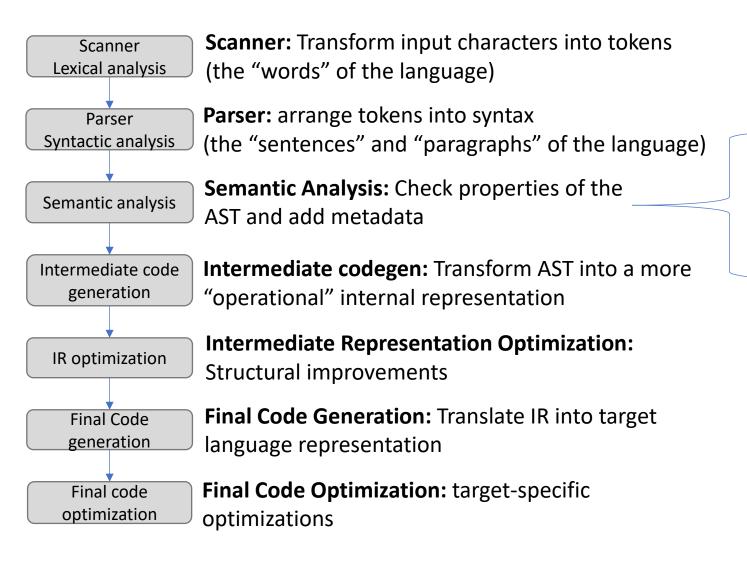


Traditional compilers

Divided into phases

- Frontend: input handling
- Middleend: program reasoning
- Backend: output handling

Phases further divided into modules



Name analysis: bind identifiers

to their symbols

Type analysis: associate types

with operations

Compiler's Recognizer Duties Overview the Compiler

Scanner: Transform input characters into tokens Scanner Lexical analysis (the "words" of the language) **Parser:** arrange tokens into syntax Parser Syntactic analysis (the "sentences" and "paragraphs" of the language) Semantic Analysis: Check properties of the Semantic analysis AST and add metadata Intermediate code **Intermediate codegen:** Transform AST into a more generation "operational" internal representation **Intermediate Representation Optimization:** IR optimization Structural improvements **Final Code Generation:** Translate IR into target Final Code generation language representation **Final Code Optimization:** target-specific Final code optimization optimizations

Lexical errors

Syntactic errors

Naming errors

Name analysis: bind identifiers

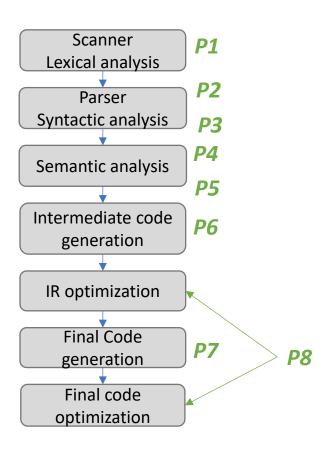
to their symbols

Type analysis: associate types

with operations

Type errors

Our Class Workflow Overview the Compiler



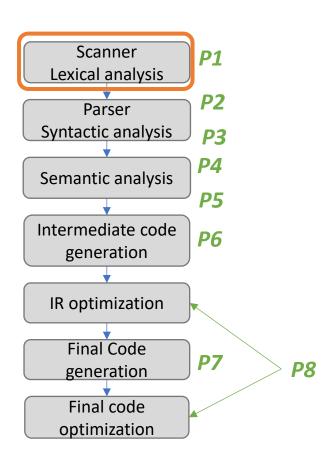
We'll work through the compiler front-to-back

- Pause on background information as needed
- Review underlying theory, implementation details, and techniques as needed

Often need to...

- Precisely define / express some language concept
- Build a recognizer of that concept
- Build a translator for that concept

Exploring Lexical Analysis Design Lexicial Analysis



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Exploring Lexical Analysis Design Overview the Compiler

Scanner Lexical analysis

Often need to...

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- Build a translator for that concept

We'll use some (hopefully) familiar theory techniques in building the scanner:

- Regular Languages / Regular Expressions
- Deterministic Finite Automata
- Nondeterministic Finite Automata

These would be good concepts to review if you're shaky on them



Describe the tokens (i.e. the "words") of the language using regular expressions

<u>Token</u>	Examples

Integer Literal 1 230

star



0|(1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9)(0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9)*

((*)

Lecture Wrap-Up Goodbye for now!

Summary

- Working definition of a compiler
- Compiler overview
 - Phases of the compiler
 - Modules of the phases

Next Lecture

 Describe how we can build a token recognizer from the specification

Your ToDos:

- Survey due at midnight tonight
- If you missed class, C1 is due Sunday at midnight
- Familiarize yourself with https://compilers.cool
- Sign up for Piazza
- If you need some theory review, check out <u>https://compilers.cool/theory_review/</u>